

Lineage
of

CATHERINE CLEMENTINE HAY,
Wife of Joel Wentworth Wyman.
Great, great grandmother of
John Frampton Wyman, Jr.
Pauline (Polly) Wyman Bowers
Joel Wentworth Wyman, Jr.
Jeffery Mikell Holbrook Wyman

It will be less confusing if this record begins at the earliest known point in time and shows only the highlights of descent.

About the year 250 A.D., Carmac, King of Ireland, sent his cousin, General Cairbre-Riada, to stop the fighting among the Scoto-Irish in Northeast Ireland. The General was given the territory he conquered. His descendants ruled for several ages. In the year 503, Erc, a descendant, settled in Cantyre. From Erc and his sons spring the Scoto-Irish, or Gaelic Kings of Scotland. His son Fergus reigned from 503 - 506. The records continue for nine hundred years to King Robert I, who died 1329, King Robert II, who died 1390, and King Robert III, died 1406..

Through the first Robert Bruce (Sir Robert de Brus) died 1289, we find the Norman line mingled with the Gael, the Saxon, and the Dane - by virtue of descent from the Scottish, Kenneth Ma alpin (died 843), Alfred, The Great, (died 899), and William, The Conquerer, by Matilda of Flanders. This lineage is also traced to Emperor Charlemagne (died 814).

As a matter of record, Catherine Clementine Hay Wyman has five lines of descent from Robert, The Bruce; a direct line from Alfred, The Great; And four lines of descent from the Emperor Charlemagne and his wife, the Empress Hildegarde, known as "Hildegarde, The Fair".

Page - 2 -

In 1066, Sieur de la Haya went to England with William, The Conqueror. The line continues from Sir William de la Hay, Lord of Erroll, (died 1199), grandson of Sieur de la Haya, through twenty-one generations to:

1. Michael Hay, Gentleman Planter of Kingston, Jamaica, oldest son of Thomas Hay of Bridgehouse who was a writer in Edinburgh. Michael Hay appears in the records of the West Indies about 1740. It is understood that he was involved in political differences in 1715 and, after the Battle of Preston, left Scotland to take refuge in the West Indies. He married Esther Wilkins, daughter of Judge Martin Wilkins, June 14, 1743. Esther died August 25, 1745 - Michael died February 13, 1762. They left a son.
2. Ann Hawkes Hay, born June 14th, 1745. The unusual name given this son is a story in itself. It seems the grandfather, Judge Wilkins, had a sister, Mrs. Ann Mister, who had been a widow for many years. This great-aunt promised to leave all her property to the expected child of Michael and Esther provided it was named after her. This was done. There is a difference in records - another record shows him born August 14, 1745, baptized on August 29 (Kingston records) and died in New York on April 18, 1785, age forty.

Ann Hawkes Hay went to New York to attend college. While in school he married Martha Smith, daughter of Judge William Smith from the Island of Bly, England,

who moved to New York in 1715. She was born in New York, June 18, 1745, and died in South Carolina March 30, 1821. Buried at Stoney Creek, near McPhersonville, S.C.

Ann Hawkes and Martha Smith Hay were both eighteen when they married. They returned to Jamaica to live in Kingston, but after losing their first three children there, they returned to settle in New York at Haverstraw on the banks of the Hudson river. At the start of the Revolution, he was offered two commissions in the English Army. He refused them and united with the patriots. As Colonel HAY, he commanded a volunteer regiment defending the western shore of the Hudson river near Haverstraw. His regiment disbanded and General Washington appointed him Quartermaster for the Continental Army. He sacrificed his fortune to meet the needs of the army. His property in Jamaica was confiscated by the English when he joined the Americans. When the war ended in 1783, he had no time to recover from the sad state of his affairs due to his sacrifices and losses, including the burning of his home by the British. He died, as stated, in New York in 1785, leaving his widow and eight surviving children, the youngest being one month old.

Mention is made here of Samuel Hay, Sixth child of Ann Hawkes and Martha Hay, of Beaufort District, South Carolina, because he studied law and moved to Beaufort where he became Probate Judge for Beaufort District. It was he who sent back North for his widowed mother, Martha Smith Hay, and her youngest son, Frederick. She lived many years and died March 30, 1821. Samuel

was followed South by his younger brother, Lewis Scott Hay, tenth child of Colonel Ann Hawkes Hay and Martha Smith Hay, and herewith is the beginning of the Wyman connection.

3. Lewis Scott Hay, born May 2, 1780, at Fishkill on the Hudson river, New York. After moving to South Carolina, he married Harriet Yonge Johnson of Wadmalow Island, S.C., in 1807. She died 1865. He died in Barnwell District, S.C., in 1843. Their ten children were:

- a. Martha Hawkes Hay - Married Bushrod Washington Davis.
- b. Harriet Yonge Hay - Married John E. Frampton.
- c. CATHERINE CLEMENTINE HAY - MARRIED JOEL W. WYMAN.
- d. Dr. Lewis Scott Hay - married Ann Fraser.
- e. Susan Emily Hay - married Dr. William DeLoach Ellis.
- f. Frederick J. Hay - married Adeline Wyman, sister of Joel Wyman.
- g. Rosa Isabel Hay - married a Mr. Elliot.
- h. Louisa Hay, died unmarried.
- i. Adeline D Hay - married W. Oakman.
- j. Eugene Gordon Hay - married Julia Caroline Oakman.

All left descendants, except Louisa.

The lineage of Catherine Clementine Hay Wyman is recorded and verified, as shown in these highlights, in the book, "THE FAMILY OF HAY", written by Charles J. Colcock and privately printed for him in 1908 by the Genealogical Association, New York. Reprinted with later lines added by Mrs. T.D. Bateman (Erroldine Hay) in 1959, by the Pelican Publishing Company, New Orleans.

What's Your Family Line? - -

By ADELLE BARTLETT HARPER



BARTLETT

HAY

Mac-Geradh is the ancient name of the Hays. It is of Gaelic origin, given first to the family in allusion to the celebrated action which raised the first Hay from obscurity. Expressive of the circumstances, its literal signification is a dyke, or barrier, and was given for his conduct at the Battle of Luncarty, where he stood between the fleeing Scots and the victorious Danes like a wall of defense.

Hay (Earl of Erroll). "In the reign of Kenneth III," says Douglas, "about 980, the Danes, having invaded Scotland, were encountered by that King near Luncarty, in Perthshire; the Scots at first gave way, and fled through a narrow pass, where they were stopped by a countryman of great strength and courage, and his two sons, with no other weapon than the yokes of their ploughs; upbraiding the fugitives for their cowardice, he succeeded in rallying them; the battle was renewed, and the Danes totally discomfited. It is said that after the victory was obtained, the old man, lying on the ground wounded and fatigued, cried 'Hay, Hay'; which word became the surname of his posterity. The King as a reward of that signal service, gave him as much land in the Carse of Gowrie as a falcon should fly over before it settled; and a falcon being accordingly let off, flew over an extent of ground six miles in length, afterwards called Errol, and lighted on a stone, still called Falcon-stone; the King also assigned three shields or escutcheons for the arms of the family, to intimate that the father and the two sons had been the three fortunate shields of Scotland."

This legend, first told by Hector Boice, was inserted to explain the arms, which are at least as old as 1292, and in turn suggested the crest, motto, and supporters. Argent three escutcheons gu. Crest—A falcon rising ppr. Supporters—Two men in country habits, each holding an ox-yolk over the shoulder ppr. Motto—*Serva jugum*. Ref—"The General Armory," by Sir Bernard Burke—1884 edition, Page 470.

1. WILLIAM DE LA HAY is mentioned in local history as having been cup-bearer to Malcolm IV, and William the Lion, whose reigns extended over the period 1153 to 1214—sixty-one years.

He married Julianne de Goulis, daughter of Ranulph (Randolph) de Soulis, Lord of Liddesdale and Castle Hermitage. It is probable that Ranulph was

descended from Count de Soulis, maternal uncle of Richard the Fearless, Duke of Normandy, great-grandfather of William the Conqueror.

This William de la Haya was, no doubt, the son or grandson of Sieur de la Haya, who came to England with Duke William, who had found his way to Scotland, the land of his ancestors, as told by Mr. Hay Allan. He died in the year 1170, and left by his wife Julianne de Soulis three sons:

i. Sir William de la Hay, Lord of Erroll, whose history follows.

ii. Robert de Hay, from whom descend the seven Lords of Yester, created 1488, the title then changing 1646 to Earl of Tweeddale, and in 1694 changed to that of Marquis of Tweeddale.

iii. Peter de la Hay, living in 1196.

The origin of the ennobling of the family of Hay is thus told by Boethins and other early historians of Scotland.

The tradition is taken from "A Genealogical Deduction of the Family of Kilravock or Rose"—written by Mr. Hew Rose, Minister of Nairne, 1683, and completed by the Rev. Lachlan Shaw, Minister of Elgin in 1753, with Illustrative



HAY

Documents from the Family Charter Room," printed under the auspices of "The Spalding Club of Aberdeen" in 1848, at a time when its president was the Earl of Aberdeen, K.T.; and vice-presidents, the Duke of Richmond, K.G.; Duke of Sutherland, K.G.; Earl of Airli; Earl of Seafield; Lord Saltoun, etc.

2. SIR WILLIAM DE LA HAY, Lord of Errol was the eldest son of William de la Hay, Cup-bearer. He was living in 1160.

He was a courtier of William the Lion, and became one of the hostages for payment of his ransom. He went on a special mission to King John of England, and returned with King William to the North.

Mr. Bain writes in his "History of Nairnshire": "Amongst the great nobles at the court when King William was in Moray was William de Hay. He is a signatory to some five different charters granted by the King and recorded in the Chartulary of Moray. The King had in his gift the lands of Auldearn, and it is extremely probable that the Sir William de la Hay so frequently mentioned in the charters of the period received the grant of the lands of Lochloy at this time, in addition to his possessions elsewhere.

He died in 1199, and left by his wife,

Eva de Pitmulin, a wealthy heiress, the following six children: i. Sir David de la Hay, of whom later; ii. William de la Hay; iii. John de la Hay, from whom descend the Hays of Naughton; iv. Thomas de la Hay; v. Robert de la Hay; vi. Nicholas de la Hay.

3. SIR DAVID DE LA HAY, Lord of Erroll, was the eldest son of Sir William de la Hay by his wife, Eva de Pitmulin. In 1188-99, he had charters to hold the lands of Erroll as freely as his father had held them. He married Helen, daughter of Gilbert, 3rd Earl of Strathearn, by his wife, the Countess Matilda, daughter of William D'Aubigny, Earl of Albemarle.

Sir David de la Hay by his wife, Helen, had sons: i. Gilbert de la Hay, Lord of Errol; ii. Sir William de la Hay of Leys.

4. GILBERT DE HAYA (or de la Hay), first son of David.

5. NICHOLAS DE HAYA, first son of Gilbert of Erroll.

6. SIR GILBERT DE HAYA, first son of Nicholas, created Hereditary Lord High Constable of Scotland, 1334.

7. SIR DAVID DE HAYA of Erroll, second son of Gilbert, d. 1346.

8. SIR THOMAS DE HAY, Lord of Erroll, m. Princess Elizabeth, dau. of King Robert II, and his wife, Elizabeth Muier.

9. SIR GILBERT HAY, of Dronlaw, their second son, m. 1416, Elizabeth Reid. Their elder son,

10. ALEXANDER HAY of Dronlaw, d. 1472; m. Margaret Frazer and was succeeded by his son,

11. SIR WILLIAM HAY, of Arden-drough, d. 1502; m. Margaret Leslie and left an only son,

12. SIR GILBERT HAY of Arden-drauch, m. 1416 Elizabeth Reid and had elder son,

13. ALEXANDER HAY of Delgatie, and Arden-drough who was murdered ca. 1528; m. 1510, Elizabeth Abernathy, a dau. of the 3rd Lord of Saltoun and left issue: Alexander of Delgaty, d. sp 1546. From him the succession passed to William of Delgaty who m. and d. sp 1548, when the Delgaty estates passed to the next heir of entail, William Hay of Arthrochie. In 1548, the representation of the family devolved upon the 3rd son,

14. SIR THOMAS HAY of Park, Parson of Saynie 1539, Canon of Moray, K. St. J. Sec. to Mary, Queen of Scots Abbott (after the Reformation), Perpetual Commentator of Glenluce 1559, who m. Katherine, dau. of the Hon. David Kennedy of Culzean, 3rd son of the 2nd Earl of Cassillis. Had issue. Sir Thomas d. ca. 1580, having conveyed in 1572, the Park of Glenluce to his son,

15. THOMAS HAY, 2nd Earl of Park, d. 1628; m. Janet, dau. of Uchtred Mac-Dowell of Garthland, and d. before Sept. 12, 1628, leaving an elder son, Thomas, as successor as well as other issues, including a 3rd son,

16. JOHN HAY, to whom no further reference in the Scottish records appears in Burkes' Peerage, 1953 edition, p. 1025. In Hotten's account, however, of the British Gentry who embarked for the Virginia Plantations, he was listed, page 296, "John de la Hay" (the ancient spelling used by the nobility) as sailing for Virginia, Mar. 30, 1637.

John Hay is in York Co., Va., in 1652

where he is m. to Mary Wade, dau. of Arminger Wade, "believed to be a descendant of Sir Armigall Wade of Bellsize, near Hamstead, England." (Wm. & Mary, Vol. 1, p. 161.) John Hay d. in York Co., Va. in 1676 leaving a son,

17. ROBERT HAY, b. 1663, d. 1717, m. Rachel _____ (History & Registry, 1648-1789 of Charles Parish, York Co., Va., p. 101). Their son,

18. WILLIAM HAY, b. 1699, d. 1784, m. Mary Howell. In 1845 he moved his family to Richmond Co., S. C. Their son,

19. HARDY HAY, (served in the Revolution No. 604), m. Elizabeth Goodwin (Book S. R. T. Issued June 22, 1785.) D.A.R. Source. Their son,

20. WILLIAM HOWELL HAY, b. Jan. 24, 1781, in S. C., d. Aug. 22, 1860; m. Nancy Wooten, b. Nov. 1, 1787, in Va., d. Feb. 4, 1863, in Ga. They came to Ga. and drew land in the 1803 Draw of Wilkes Co. They lived in Meriwether Co. Their son,

21. JAMES PEYTON HAY, b. 1811, m. Samantha Pearson, May 14, 1835. Their son,

22. HENRY WOOTEN HAY, b. Nov. 19, 1837, d. April 28, 1931, lived in Spalding Co. until 1873, then Paulding; m. Francis I. Caldwell, b. Jan. 23, 1843, d. Aug. 18, 1896, dau. of Buford Caldwell, d. Feb. 2, 1883, and Sarah S. Caldwell, d. May 14, 1859, Carrollton, Ga. Their son,

23. PARK LEE HAY, b. July 16, 1873, d. Aug. 20, 1957; m. (1) Elizabeth Helms Underwood, b. Nov. 20, 1879, d. May 20, 1918; dau. of Dr. George Price Underwood and Martha Elizabeth Helms, b. May 4, 1857, d. Feb. 6, 1926. He married (2) Maude Saxon Martin Murphy, b. Oct. 17, 1877, d. Sept. 26, 1962. No issue.

Children of Park Lee and Elizabeth (Underwood) Hay:

1. Gertrude, m. (1) Peyton Wade Jones, (2) W. Brown Walker (both deceased); 2. Lucille, m. N. Terrell Weaver; 3. Vivian, m. Halstead Tindal Anderson; 4. Park Lee, Jr., m. (1) Polly Wadley; m. (2) Virginia Schmidt; 5. Betty, m. James Washington McCook, Jr. (deceased).

PART 2

The Hay family are descended from Richard de Clare, 6th Earl of Clare and Sir Gilbert de Clare, 7th Earl of Clare, both being Magna Charta Surety Barons, as follows:

1. ST. VLADIMIR, Grand Prince of Keiv, d. 15 July, 1015, m. after 1011, a dau. of Kuno, Count of Oebringson and Richilde, dau. of Otto I, the Great (147-19). Also: Regneide, dau. of Rognold of Polotkg.

2. JAROSLAV I, son by Regneide, Grand Prince of Keiv, d. 20 Feb. 1053-4, m. (2) 1019, Ingulgard, d. 10 Feb., 1050, dau. of Olaf, First Christian King of Sweden.

3. HENRY I, King of France (55-22) (101-22) d. 1060, descendant of Pepin, son of Charlemagne m. Anne of Russia, 19 May, 1051, d. 1075, dau. of Jaroslav and Ingulgard.

4. HUGH, The Great, Duke of France, d. 1101, Leader of the first Crusade, m. Adelaide de Vermandois, Countess, d. ca. 1120, dau. of Herbert IV, Count of Vermandois, and Adella, dau. of Raoul III, the Great.

5. ROBERT de BEAMOUNT, 1st Earl of Liecester, b. 1049, d. June 6, 1118, m. Isabel de Vermandois, 1096, d. Feb. 13, 1131.

6. ROBERT de BEAMOUNT, 2nd Earl of Liecester, b. 1104, d. April 5, 1168, Knighted 1122, m. 1120, Amice de Montfort, dau. of Ralph de Gael de Montfort, Earl of Norfolk, Suffolk and Cambridge, Lord of Gael and Brittany, and Emma, dau. of William Fitz Osben, a Companion of William the Conqueror at the Battle of Hastings, 1066, Earl of Hereford.

7. ROBERT de BEAMOUNT, 3rd Earl of Liecester, b. 1135, d. 1190, Durazzo, Greece, m. ca. 1155, Petronilla de Grantmesnil, d. April 1, 1212, dau. of Hugh de Grantmesnil, and gr. gr-dau. of Hugh de Grantmesnil, a Companion of William the Conqueror at the Battle of Hastings.

8. WILLIAM FITZ ROBERT, Lord of the Manor of Glamorgan and Cardiff Castle, 2nd Earl of Gloucester, d. Nov. 23, 1183, son of Robert Fitz Robert, Earl of Gloucester, and Mabel, dau. of Robert Fitz Hammond and grandson of KING HENRY I of England, m. Hawise de Beaumont, dau. of Robert II and Petronilla, ca. 1150, d. April 24, 1197.

9. RICHARD de CLARE, 6th Earl of Clare, Hertford & Gloucester, (Magna Charta Surety) d. ca. Nov. 28, 1217, son of Roger de Clare, Earl of Hertford and Maud, dau. of James de St. Hilary, m. Amice, Countess of Gloucester, d. Jan. 1, 1224/5, dau. of Earl of Gloucester and Hawise.

10. SIR GILBERT de CLARE, 7th Earl of Clare, b. ca. 1180, d. Oct. 25, 1230, Penros, Brittany, (Magna Charta Surety), m. Isabel Marshall, d. Berkhamstead, Jan. 17, 1239/40, dau. of William Marshall, Earl of Pembroke and Isabel de Clare.

11. ROBERT BRUCE, d. 1295, Lord of Annandale, Contestor for the Crown, m. (1) Isabel, dau. of Gilbert de Clare, Earl of Gloucester; (2) a dau. of the Earl of Carrick.

12. ROBERT BRUCE, b. 1245, d. 1304, Earl of Carrick, m. Marjorie, dau. of Niel, Earl of Carrick, A. D. 1271.

13. KING ROBERT THE BRUCE, b.

1274, d. June 7, 1329, m. Lady Isabella, dau. of Donald, 10th Earl of Marr, and their daughter,

14. MARJORIE BRUCE, d. 1316, m. Walter, the 6th Stewart (Stewart) of Scotland and their son,

15. KING ROBERT II, (1315-1390) first Stewart King of Scotland, m. Elizabeth Mure in 1349. They had a dau. Princess Elizabeth who m. Sir Thomas Hay, Lord of Erroll who had Sir Gilbert Hay, as well as other issues including their son,

16. KING ROBERT III, 1390-1406, ma. Annabella Drummond, 1337-1406, dau. of Sir John Drummond of Stobhall.

17. SIR JAMES KENNEDY of DUNURE, (Burkes' Peerage-1953 CXXI), m. Princess MARY STUART, dau. of KING ROBERT III, in 1405.

18. SIR GILBERT, 1st LORD KENNEDY, d. 1478, son of Sir James and Mary, m. Catherine, dau. of Herbert, Lord Maxwell.

19. JOHN, 2nd LORD KENNEDY, d. before 23 May, 1509, m. Elizabeth, dau. of Alexander, 1st Lord Montgomery and their son,

20. DAVID, 3rd LORD KENNEDY and 1st EARL OF CASSILLIS, m. Agnes, dau. of William LORD BORTHWICK, and their son,

21. GILBERT, 2nd EARL OF CASSILLIS, m. Isabel Campbell, dau. of Archibald, 2nd EARL OF ARGYLL (a descendant of William de Lanvalle; Roger and Hugh Bigod).

22. SIR DAVID KENNEDY of CULZEAN, 3rd son of the 2nd EARL OF CASSILLIS, m. (name of wife unknown).

23. SIR THOMAS HAY, 1st EARL OF PARK, m. Katherine, dau. of Sir David Kennedy.

24. SIR THOMAS HAY, 2nd EARL OF PARK, d. before 12 Sept., 1628, m. Janet MacDowall, dau. of Uchtred MacDowall, of Garthland.

To continue the line, connect with Generation No. 8 in part one.

Let's Swap Family Information

Subscribers to *GEORGIA* Magazines are invited to send queries to "Let's Swap Family Information." Address P. O. Box 4047, Decatur, Georgia. Send your answers directly to the person asking for the information you wish to share. Free to subscribers only.

QUERIES MUST BE TYPED AND LIMITED TO FIFTY WORDS.

Hall

Elizabeth Hall Ingram, Coleman, Ga. wants any information particularly names of parents of Ichabod (Ichabud) Hall and wife Chloe _____, listed in 1840 census Baker Co., Ga., came from Edgefield District S. Car. He enlisted in Co. of Volunteer Riflemen of S. Car. Militia in Savannah.

Higginbotham

Mrs. Mabel Myers, 609 - 19th St., Alexandria, Louisiana, wants name of second wife of John Satterwhite Higginbotham. They were married about 1827, lived in or near Elbert Co. She d. about 1830. Children: David; Jerushia; Martha.

Easterling-Weaver-Hammock

Miss Josephine Easterlin, 818 S. Lee St., Americus, Ga., wants ancestors, parents, dates, place and other information on Henry Easterling b. May 24, 1773, Craven Co., N. C., R.S., m. Ellen Bennett; James Easterling b. 1760 in Anson

Co., N. C. m. Millie (?); James Weaver b. Feb. 1, 1802 m. Delpha Lauls; Lewis Hammock b. 1801 m. Nancy Feagin b. 1801.

Little-Butcher-Prescott-Palmer

Miss Annie Laurie Johnson, 425 W. Church St., Sandersville, Ga. seeks family connections of Eliz. Little b. 1802 d. 1880 Washington Co., dau. of Edmond Little and Sally _____. M. 1st Thomas Butcher. Children: Henry b. 1820 m. Mary Ann Jane Prescott 1850. Their children: Wm. Byne b. 1853 and Sary Ann b. 1822.

Jones

Mrs. J. Erskine Love, 4052 Peachtree-Dunwoody Rd., N.E., Atlanta 5, Ga. seeks information about the family of James Rowland Jones which moved to Coweta Co., Ga. around 1820. Children: James Rowland m. Temperance Velvin and moved to Rock Springs, Ga.; David Willis; Orran; Jordan; Robert; Lydia m. Brown; Rebecca m. Brittain and Susan.